

## INTERESTNG FACTS ABOut HBCUs

March 9, 2018- Dr. Valmadge T. Towner


$\checkmark$ Concordia College in Selma, Alabama recently announced that it will close Spring.

It opened in 1922.
$\checkmark$ The number of HBCUs in the country will be 100 that are accredited.
$\checkmark$ At least 17 HBCUs are known to have closed over the last century.
$\checkmark$ At least 7 HBCUs have closed since 1989.
$\checkmark$ The last school to close before Concordia was St. Paul's College in 2013.
$\checkmark$ Many HBCUs' enrollment and graduation rates have declined by 40 plus percent for enrollment and graduation rates drop to as low as 10 percent.
$\checkmark$ Cheyney University, founded in 1837, is regarded as the oldest HBCU in the nation. It was one day away from closing in November due to accreditation issues.
$\checkmark$ Paine College in Georgia is in a death match as we speak due to SACSCOC issues.
$\checkmark$ Marvin Brown College lost its accreditation in 2003 but barely remains open with 55 students.
$\checkmark$ It is predicted by 2035 the number of HBCUs will be down to 35 and only 15 of those will be thriving.
$\checkmark$ Stalwalts like Spelman College, Morehouse College, Clark Atlanta University, Howard University and others will be ok.
$\checkmark$ CCC will only become a "destination HBCU" when it has consistent enrollment growth, high graduation rates, high retention rates and increasing alumni giving rates.
$\checkmark$ Some of the earliest HBCUs to open were Shaw University in Raleigh in 1865 (South) and the African Institute (Cheyney University) in 1837 (North). Also, in 1854 Ashmun Institute (Lincoln University) opened in 1854.
$\checkmark$ Today 300K students attend HBCUs in 19 states plus the District of Columbia and US Virgin Islands.

## $\checkmark 70 \%$ of all black doctors and dentists attended an HBCU.


$\checkmark 50 \%$ of all black engineers and public school teachers attended and HBCU.


## $\checkmark$ 80\% of black judges attended an HBCU.



## $\checkmark 50 \%$ of black

 lawyers and black professors at PWIs attended an HBCU.

The Congressional Black Caucus
115th Congress
$40 \%$ of black members of congress attended black colleges.


## COAHOMA

## COMMUNITY COLLLEGE

ENROLLMENT UPDATES

COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE ENROLLMENT HISTORY - SIX YEARS

| YEARS | FALL TERM | SPRING TERM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2017-18$ | 2077 | 1731 |
| $2016-17$ | 2189 | 1839 |
| $2015-16$ | 2209 | 1737 |
| $2014-15$ | 2040 | 1828 |
| $2013-14$ | 2070 | 1994 |
| $2012-13$ | 2314 | 2006 |

## FALL ENROLLMENT - SIX YEARS

FALL TERM


## SPRING ENROLLMENT - SIX YEARS

FALL TERM


## DORM CAPACITY BY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

| COMMUNITY COLLEGE | DORM CAPACITY |
| :--- | :--- |
| COAHOMA | 348 |
| COPIAH | 593 |
| EAST CENTRAL | 696 |
| EAST MISSISSIPPI | 789 |
| HINDS | 1738 |
| HOLMES | 566 |
| ITAWAMBA | 998 |
| JONES | 864 |
| MERIIAN | 488 |
| MISSISSIPPI DELTA | 484 |
| MISSISSIPI GULF | 862 |
| NORTHEAST | 826 |
| NORTHWEST | 1069 |
| PEARL RIVER | 806 |
| SOUTHERN | 536 |

## Spring Enrollment Preliminary Headcount \& SSCH by College

|  | PRELIMINARY HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT |  |  |  | PRELIMINARY HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Academic Year <br> College | 2016-2017 |  |  |  | 2017-2018 |  |  |  |
|  | Spring | SSCH | Spring to Spring Headcount | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring to Spring } \\ \text { SSCH } \end{gathered}$ | Spring 2018 |  | Spring to Spring Headcount | Spring to SpringSSCH |
|  | 10th Day |  |  |  | 10th Day | SSCH |  |  |
| Coahoma | 1,839 | 24,982 | 11.8\% | 10.9\% | 1,731 | 22,339 | -5.9\% | -10.6\% |
| Copiah-Lincoln | 2,745 | 35,105 | -3.3\% | -1.7\% | 2,617 | 33,046 | -4.7\% | -5.9\% |
| East Central | 2,062 | 28,667 | -8.1\% | -7.4\% | 2,275 | 30,523 | 10.3\% | 6.5\% |
| East Missi ${ }_{\text {din }}$ | 3,865 | 48,789 | -0.7\% | -1.2\% | 3,641 | 44,783 | -5.8\% | -8.2\% |
| Hinds | 10,211 | 124,992 | -0.3\% | -0.9\% | 10,924 | 124,510 | 7.0\% | -0.4\% |
| Holmes | 5,427 | 66,376 | -1.3\% | 0.3\% | 5,394 | 63,837 | -0.6\% | -3.8\% |
| Itawamba | 5,025 | 63,733 | -5.2\% | -3.2\% | 4,799 | 60,878 | -4.5\% | -4.5\% |
| Jones | 4,043 | 56,238 | -2.5\% | -1.7\% | 3,960 | 53,359 | -2.1\% | -5.1\% |
| Meridian | 3,172 | 38,419 | 4.2\% | 1.7\% | 2,934 | 35,713 | -7.5\% | -7.0\% |
| Mississippi Delta | 2,211 | 29,293 | -3.4\% | -0.5\% | 2,100 | 27,594 | -5.0\% | -5.8\% |
| Mississippi Gulf Coast | 8,513 | 109,521 | 0.2\% | -1.5\% | 8,290 | 104,438 | -2.6\% | -4.6\% |
| Northeast Mississippi | 3,364 | 43,212 | 2.0\% | 0.5\% | 3,300 | 41,979 | -1.9\% | -2.9\% |
| Northwest Mississippi | 7,234 | 85,701 | 3.0\% | 1.2\% | 7,077 | 81,401 | -2.2\% | -5.0\% |
| Pearl River | 4,161 | 52,407 | 1.3\% | 2.4\% | 4,298 | 54,198 | 3.3\% | 3.4\% |
| Southwest Mississippi | 1,743 | 23,709 | 1.5\% | 1.3\% | 1,755 | 23,339 | 0.7\% | -1.6\% |
| System Totals | 65,615 | 831,144 | -0.3\% | -0.4\% | 65,095 | 801,937 | -0.8\% | -3.5\% |

