Paradoxes in Education

PRE-SCHOOL CONFERENCE

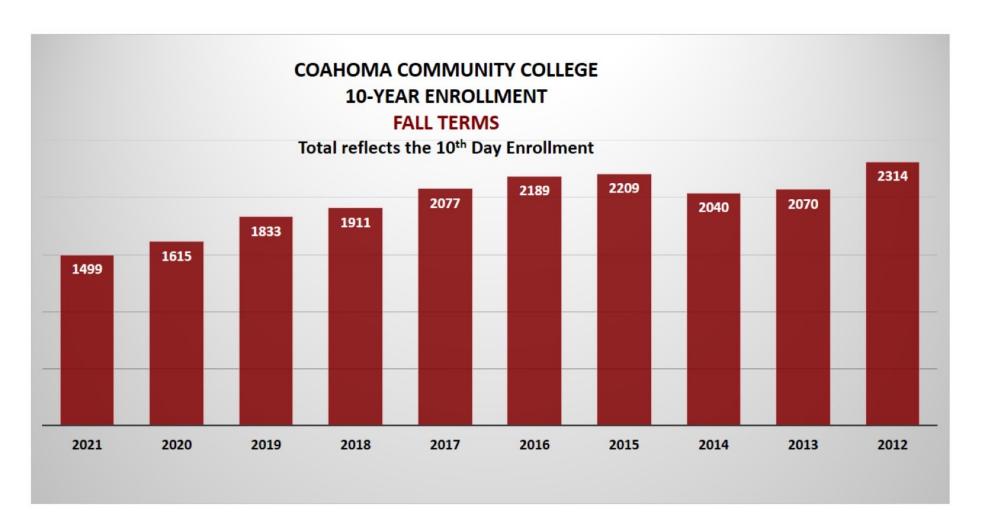
Monday, August 8, 2022

Dr. Valmadge T. Towner, Presenter



ENROLLMENT DATA



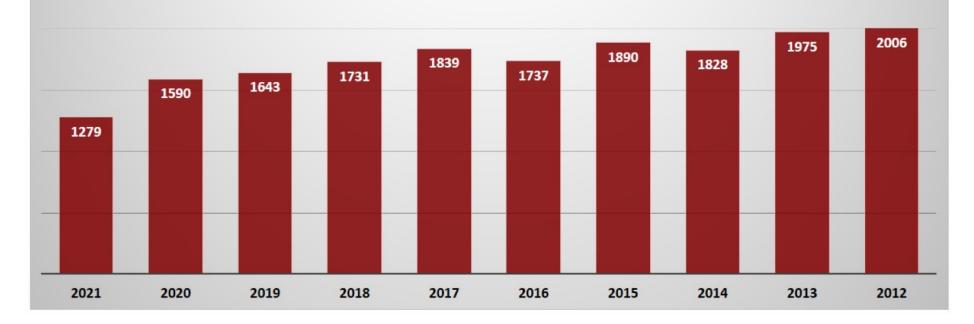




COAHOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE 10-YEAR ENROLLMENT

SPRING TERMS

The total reflects the 10th Day Enrollment

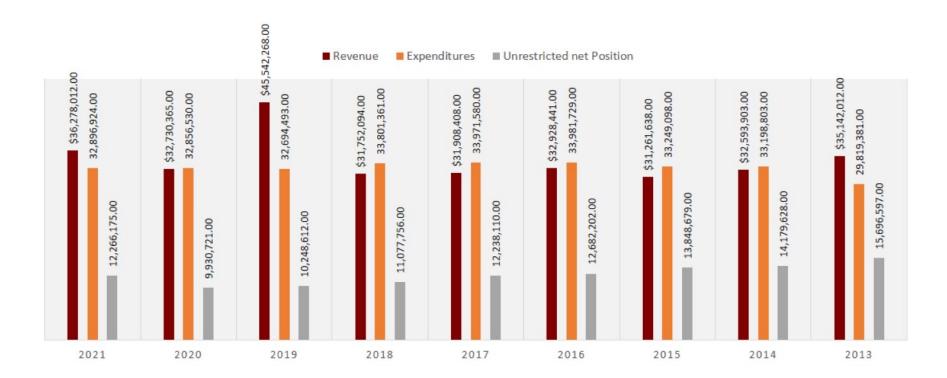




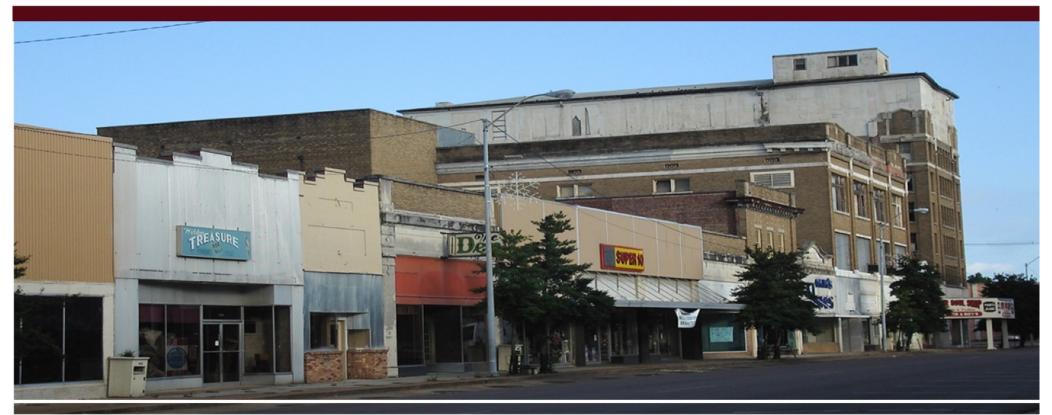
FINANCIAL DATA



Revenue, Expenditures and Net Position/Fund Balance







Emerging Needs

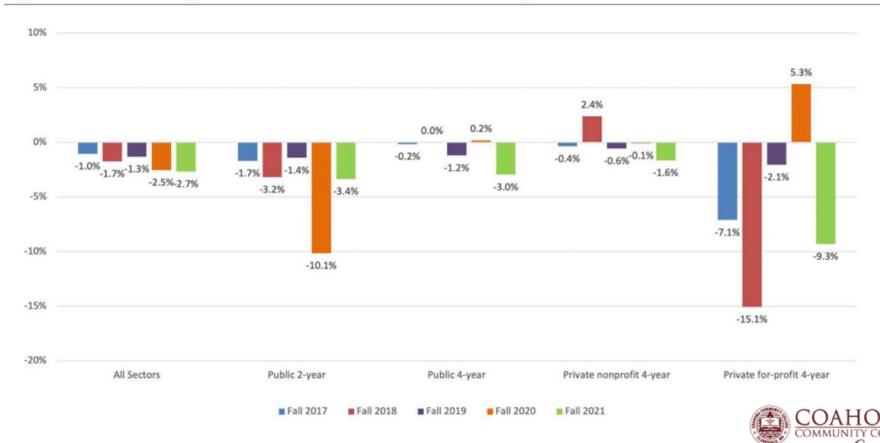


Enrollment Trends





Percent Change in Total Enrollment from Previous Year by Institutional Sector: 2017 to 2021



Estimated National Enrollment by Institutional Sector: 2019 to 2021

	Fal	2021	Fall	2020	Fall 2019	
Sector	Enrollment	% Change from Previous Year	Enrollment	% Change from Previous Year	Enrollment	% Change from Previous Year
Total Enrollment (All Sectors)	17,302,364	-2.7%	17,778,484	-2.5%	18,239,874	-1.3%
Public 4-year	7,767,617	-3.0%	8,004,360	0.2%	7,989,984	-1.2%
Private nonprofit 4-year	3,776,285	-1.6%	3,839,485	-0.1%	3,842,930	-0.6%
Private for-profit 4-year	716,472	-9.3%	789,888	5.3%	749,885	-2.1%
Public 2-year	4,662,364	-3.4%	4,824,204	-10.1%	5,368,470	-1.4%
Unduplicated Student Headcount (All Sectors)	17,054,375	-2.5%	17,491,813	-2.6%	17,965,287	-1.3%



Average Age of Students by Program Level, Institutional Sector, and Enrollment Intensity: 2017 to 2021

		Average Age (Years)									
		Fall 2021		Fall 2020		Fall 2019		Fall 2018		Fall 2017	
Program Level	Sector	Full-Time	Part-Time	Full-Time	Part-Time	Full-Time	Part-Time	Full-Time	Part-Time	Full-Time	Part-Time
	All Sectors	22	27	22	27	22	27	22	27	22	27
	Public 4-year	21	27	21	27	21	27	21	27	21	27
Undergraduate (All)	Private nonprofit 4-year	22	31	22	31	22	31	22	32	22	32
()	Private for-profit 4-year	32	33	32	33	32	33	32	34	32	34
	Public 2-year	22	26	22	26	22	26	22	26	23	27
	All Sectors	30	35	30	35	30	35	30	35	30	35
Graduate/ Professional	Public 4-year	28	34	28	34	28	34	28	34	28	34
	Private nonprofit 4-year	30	35	30	35	30	35	30	35	30	35
	Private for-profit 4-year	38	39	38	39	38	39	38	39	38	39



Estimated National Enrollment by Institutional Sector, and Gender: 2019 to 2021

		Fall 2021		Fal	l 2020	Fall 2019		
Sector	Gender	Enrollment	% Change from Previous Year	Enrollment	% Change from Previous Year	Enrollment	% Change from Previous Year	
All Sectors	Men	7,059,178	-2.2%	7,217,092	-5.1%	7,606,756	-2.0%	
	Women	10,243,187	-3.0%	10,561,392	-0.7%	10,633,118	-0.8%	
Public 4-year	Men	3,296,535	-3.6%	3,420,654	-1.6%	3,477,314	-2.0%	
	Women	4,471,082	-2.5%	4,583,706	1.6%	4,512,670	-0.6%	
Drivata napprofit 4 year	Men	1,485,664	-2.3%	1,520,695	-1.0%	1,535,530	-1.2%	
Private nonprofit 4-year	Women	2,290,620	-1.2%	2,318,791	0.5%	2,307,400	-0.2%	
Drivate for profit 4 year	Men	239,599	-3.6%	248,600	3.2%	240,952	-4.0%	
Private for-profit 4-year	Women	476,873	-11.9%	541,288	6.4%	508,933	-1.1%	
Public 2-year	Men	1,891,359	-1.7%	1,923,969	-14.7%	2,256,354	-2.2%	
	Women	2,771,005	-4.5%	2,900,235	-6.8%	3,112,115	-0.8%	



Estimated Enrollment by State of Institution

State	Fall 2021		Fall 2020		Fall 2019	
	Enrollment	% change from previous year	Enrollment	% change from previous year	Enrollment	% change from previous year
AL	275,700	-0.6%	277,494	-3.1%	286,421	-1.1%
LA	218,739	-0.8%	220,529	-2.4%	225,868	0.6%
MS	148,561	-3.2%	153,428	-6.4%	163,966	0.3%



Source: National Student Clearinghouse Research Center

Estimated Enrollment by State of Institution and Sector (Public 2-Year)

State	Fall 2021		Fall 2020		Fall 2019	
	Enrollment	% Change from Previous Year	Enrollment	% Change from Previous Year	Enrollment	% Change from Previous Year
AL	68,756	6.7%	64,420	-14.5%	75,358	-2.5%
LA	49,916	0.0%	49,915	-12.7%	57,200	1.2%
MS	57,983	-14.8%	68,037	-6.0%	72,347	5.1%

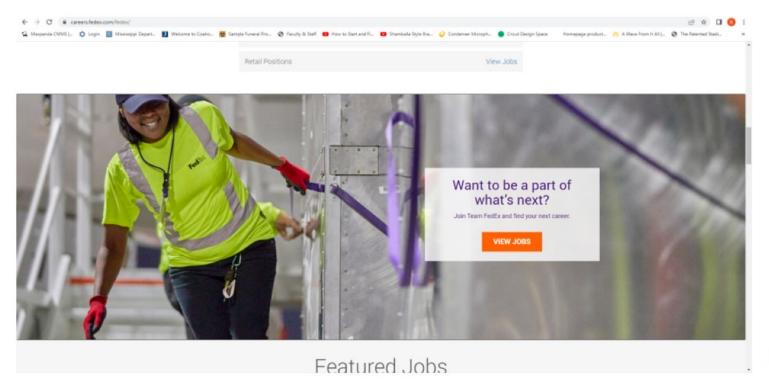


Employment Trends

- Unemployment Rate of 3.6% nationally
- Labor Participation Rate is 62.3%
- Employers are scrambling to hire people using wage increases and bonuses to recruit people
- Corresponding jobs trends results in fewer students attending higher education
- Typical response to low unemployment rates is declining community college enrollments



Employers are Competing Amongst Each Other





Are Your Colleges' Programs Competitive

- Can your workforce programs compete against employers?
- What support are you providing to incentivize completion?
- Which students are missing from your college?



DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES



Birth Rates in the United States

- After a steep drop in the first year of the COVID-19 pandemic, birth rates in the United States rose in 2021
- 2021 was the first time in 7 years that the birth rate increased
- Nearly 3.7 million babies were born in 2021, up by roughly 46,000 from 2022, accounting for a 1% increase



Demographic Changes

- Birth rates in the US has been declining since 2008, except 2014 and now 2021
- Declining birth rates mean that every year each graduating higher school class will be smaller
- Lowest US population change, only 0.1 increase
- 2020-2021 will have lasting impacts on the pipeline to college
- Workforce needs will impact college going rates for years



What is a Paradox?



A paradox is a seemingly contradictory proposition that, when investigated, may prove to be well founded and true. Because two or more parts of a paradox seem incongruous, we often fail to see the truth in them. It only makes sense later.



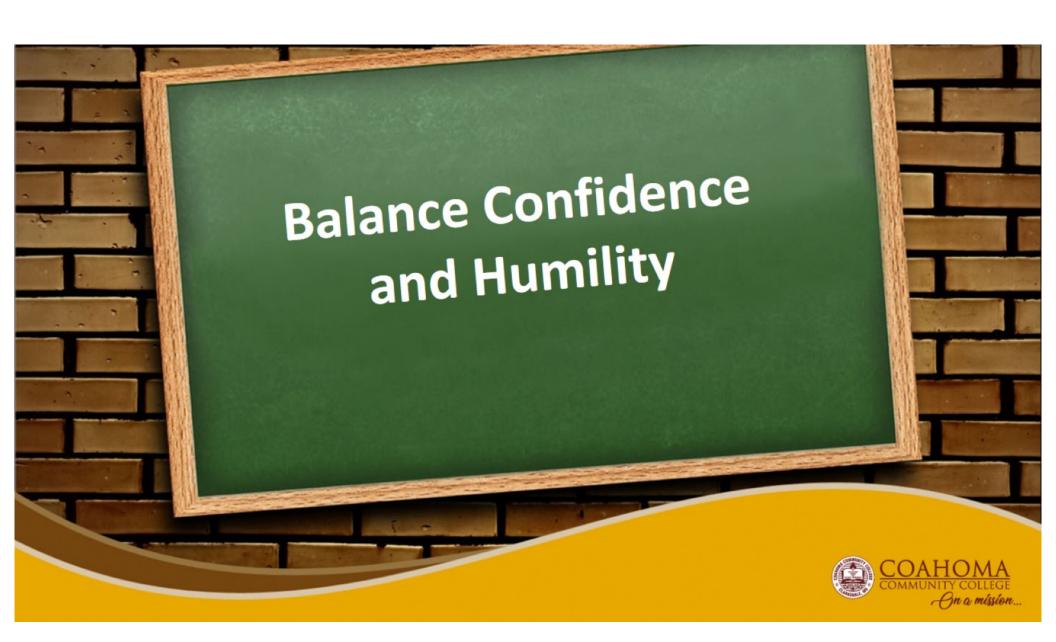
Paradoxes Within Employees

- Education
- > Entitlement
- Exposure
- > Emotion
- Expectation



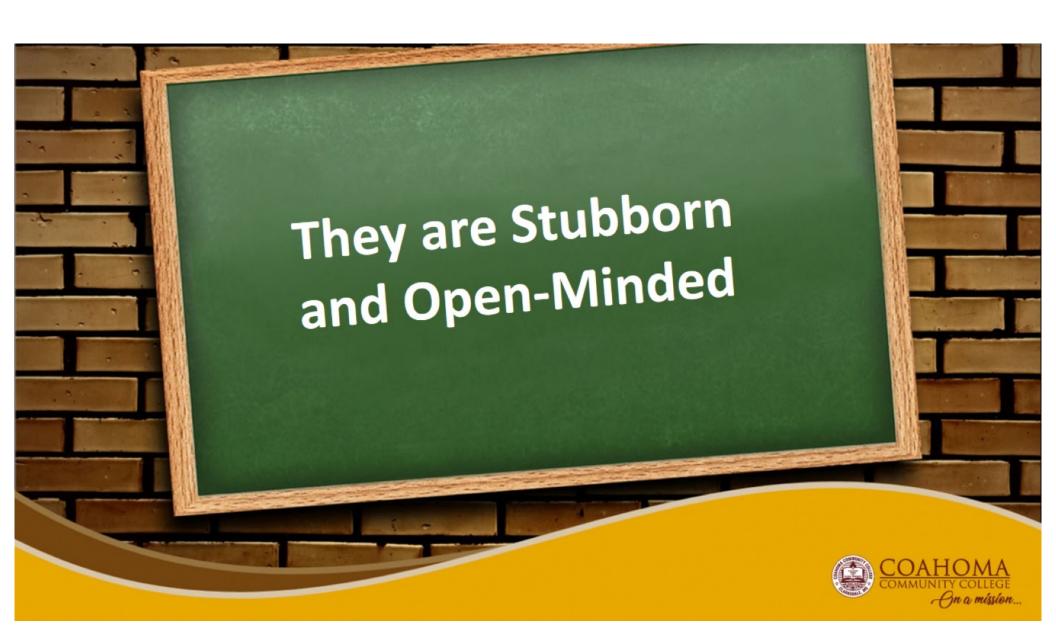
Characteristics of Today's Educational Service Providers

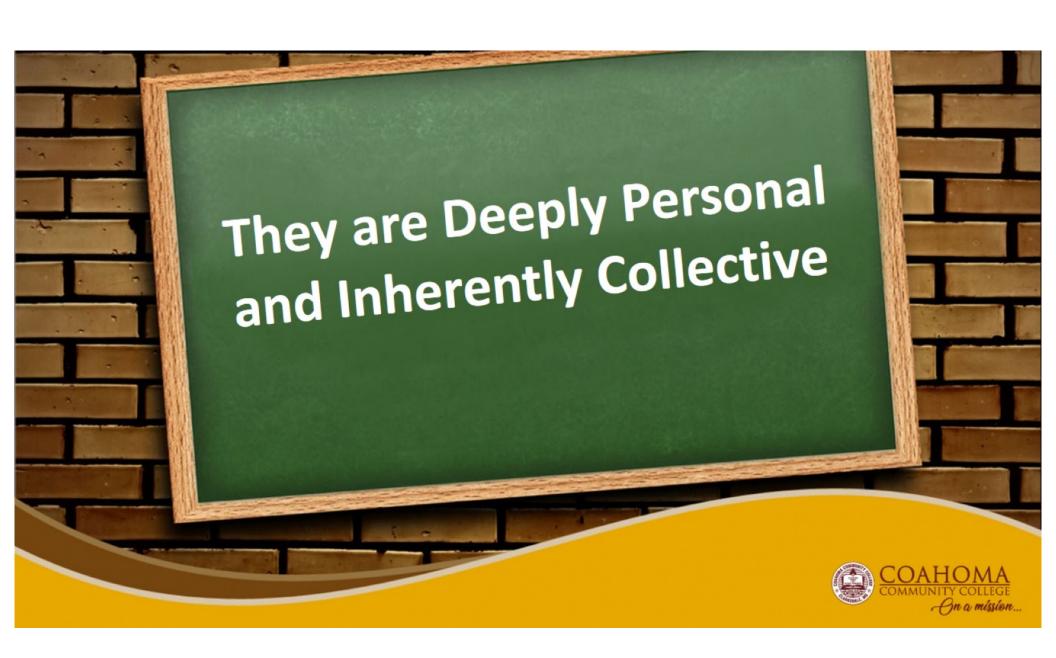


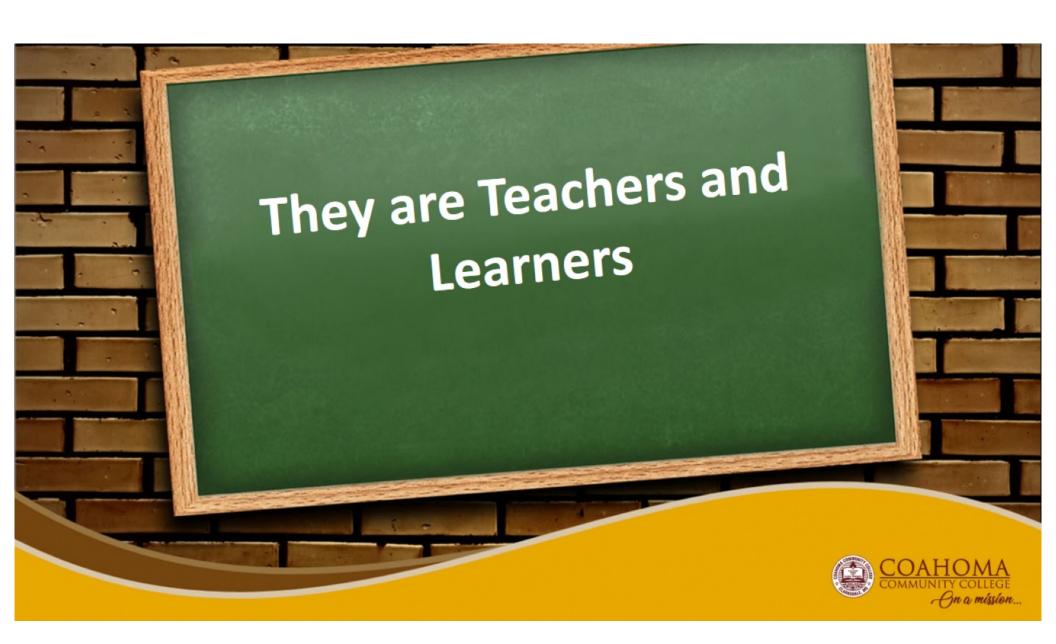


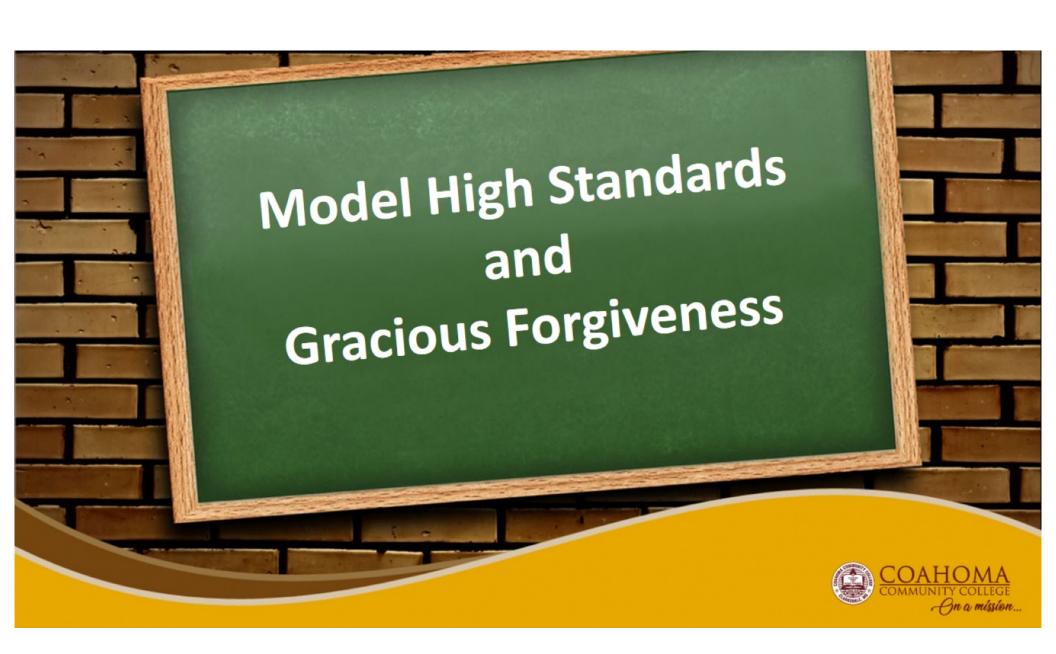














Credits

Leadership Labs
Tim Elmore
ACCT
Deborah Valentine (Financials)

